

NAS7.000105 NASA - JPL SSIC No. 9661

## REMEDIAL PROJECT MANAGERS' MEETING NASA/JET PROPULSION LABORATORY

TELECON

10 July 1996

## ATTENDEES:

Jon Bishop, RWQCB-LA
Charles L. Buril, JPL
Mark Cutler, Foster Wheeler
Debbie Lowe, US EPA
Dan Melchior, Foster Wheeler
Penny Nakashima, DTSC
Stephen Niou, URS
Judith A. Novelly, JPL
B.G. Randolph, Foster Wheeler



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| 4  | NASA/JET PROPULSION LABORATORY          |
| 5  | TELECON                                 |
| 6  | 10 July 1996                            |
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| 9  | ATTENDEES:                              |
| 10 |   |
| 11 | Jon Bishop, RWQCB-LA                    |
| 12 | Charles L. Buril, JPL                   |
| 13 | Mark Cutler, Foster Wheeler             |
| 14 | Debbie Lowe, US EPA                     |
| 15 | Dan Melchior, Foster Wheeler            |
| 16 | Penny Nakashima, DTSC                   |
| 17 | Stephen Niou, URS                       |
| 18 | Judith A. Novelly, JPL                  |
| 19 | B.G. Randolph, Foster Wheeler           |
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| 23 |   |
| 24 |   |
| 25 | Reported by: Louise K. Mizota, CSR 2818 |
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| 1  | Pasadena, California                                 |
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| 2  | July 10, 1996  |
| 3  | 1:40 P.M.  |
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| 5  |  |
| 6  | BURIL: Let me just ask to have a roll call           |
| 7  | here. I'll call off the names.                       |
| 8  | Dan Melchior, are you there?                         |
| 9  | MELCHIOR: Yes.                                       |
| 10 | BURIL: Mark and B.G.                                 |
| 11 | RANDOLPH: Here.                                      |
| 12 | CUTLER: Yes.   |
| 13 | BURIL: Stephen.                                      |
| 14 | NIOU: Yes.   |
| 15 | BURIL: Debbie.                                       |
| 16 | LOWE: Yes.   |
| 17 | BURIL: Penny.  |
| 18 | NAKASHIMA: Here.                                     |
| 19 | BURIL: Jon.  |
| 20 | BISHOP: Here.  |
| 21 | BURIL: On this end are Judy and Chuck, and we        |
| 22 | also have our recorders here since we called this to |
| 23 | be an RPM meeting.                                   |
| 24 | Folks, because it is a telecon and with              |
| 25 | all the problems that we've had, I'd like to ask a   |
|    | 2  |

1 | couple of things.

First, I'd like to be sure that when we start speaking, that you identify yourself prior to you beginning your statement. That's just for the benefit of us knowing who you are and to be sure that we got the record straight.

And if you could also let us know in some way that you're done speaking so that we don't end up tripping over each other as we go. With this system I have a feeling that one person may start talking and if another one tries to get in, neither one will probably know the other one is speaking. It's going to get kind of tangled otherwise. So if we could try to observe those rules of formality, I think it will work out pretty well.

I think you all have the agenda in front of you. The first item up was the comments on the addenda that we received from Penny.

And, Penny, I guess I'd like to just have you, if you would, kind of go through where you're coming from on each one of these comments because it's something that, quite frankly, took us by surprise in several areas, and we'd just like to understand where you're coming from.

NAKASHIMA: Is this for everything on the list?

Well, I tell you --1 BURIL: NAKASHIMA: Why don't you start with -- go down, 2 and the comments you have problems with and you want 3 to discuss. BURIL: We can do that, too. Let's start off with number 1 under the 6 7 Workplan. A is no problem. We don't have a concern 8 with that. 9 10 B, I think that there's probably a situation there where we are going to have to make a 11 determination about upgradient and downgradient over 12 the course of time. We don't have a good 13 understanding of which way the water flows and it's 14 part of the reason for having this quarterly thing. 15 I think as time goes on we'll be able to 16 discern better what it is that we're doing and make 17 decisions about how frequently or not frequently to 18 sample wells as time progresses. 19 I think that's about the best answer we 20 21 can give you on that one. So are you saying you're not at this 22 NAKASHIMA: point in time or for the year of quarterly 23 monitoring, that you will not monitor just the 24 upgradient wells? You'll monitor all of them for a 25

year and then you'll look at the data. But how are you going to decide, though, when you have the groundwater reversals, the direction of groundwater flow reversal, which one is -- depending on the time of year, your upgradient is going to be different.

BURIL: Okay. That is something that we will probably have to try to discern over time, since we do not know the conditions under which the reversal occurs concretely. We have identified it under certain conditions, but we do not know how to anticipate those conditions at this point with a certainty that allows us to know.

NAKASHIMA: So maybe that approach, though, is not --

BURIL: Penny, I'm going to have to ask you to please wait until we finish because it is hard for us to hear you. So go ahead now, please.

NAKASHIMA: So what I'm saying is maybe this approach that you're taking is not appropriate for the conditions here at JPL since you do have reversals in the direction of groundwater flow.

BURIL: What approach are you indicating? I'm not sure I understand.

NAKASHIMA: Let me find the page. You state in the upgradient background wells that the screens

will be sampled annually to monitor background water quality. And since the reversal in the direction of groundwater flow occurs at this site, this approach of doing it annually for upgradient is not a good approach.

CUTLER: Can I add something? This is Mark.

The way this is set up, it's a little generic. It's pretty much out of guidance, but in practical use at JPL, the upgradient wells near the mound, or the mouth of the Arroyo, Wells 1 and 15 and 9, we've been monitoring water levels out there for many years. Those are always upgradient.

There's never reversals right there. The mound is a very consistent, almost permanent feature.

NAKASHIMA: Right. But what about on the west side of the site?

any changes, really, in any levels of contaminants over there with reversals. These reversals seem to be relatively short lived and don't really move things around that much. It may be we monitor for a year, write a report, make recommendations and if people don't agree with it, we can change it. But we don't see contaminants in Well 7 all of a sudden showing up in Well 6 because of a four- or six-week

1 | reversal.

It really doesn't change major contaminant movement. It mixes it up a little bit, but it doesn't really turn it 180 degrees.

So if we look at some of this long-term data we don't really see some of the things you might be concerned about.

We would probably, in all honesty, want to monitor some of those upgradient wells at that part of the site anyway, because there are contaminants coming from off site.

BURIL: This is Chuck.

Penny, I think I understand your concern.

I'm not sure that in the forum that we're in right now we're going to be able to discuss it adequately. Let's, if we could, table this one for the time being. We'll use what I learned in my TQA training as a parking lot issue and set that aside for the time being, and let's move on and see whether some of the other ones maybe are a little more easily resolved.

LOWE: This is Debbie.

I wanted to suggest that this is not an issue that we need to resolve right now since JPL will be monitoring all wells and all screens in all

wells quarterly for the first year. JPL or NASA, in 1 their response to this comment, could acknowledge 2 that DTSC has a concern about this, that JPL doesn't 3 fit into the traditional sense of upgradient and downgradient because there are reversals and flows 5 that may affect contaminant concentrations, and that 6 7 JPL will keep this in mind in producing the first report, I can't remember what it's called, that 8 9 proposes decreasing sampling frequency for wells. BURIL: This is Chuck again. 10 11 I think that sounds fine. 12 Mark, if I recall correctly, that is how 13

we had stated the initial year of sampling, is it not?

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CUTLER: Right. That's basically our intent as well, Debbie, is really to wait and see after this first year and then all get together and see what makes sense.

Why don't we table that one for the time BURIL: I think that perhaps that may answer Penny's question, but I'm not sure that it will. So if we could just move forward and see what else we might have that we want to bring back and take a look at.

On number 2 under the workplan, the Sampling Frequency, we've got that on page 8

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already, Penny. Would it be helpful for you to have
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 2
    us include it on page 7 in addition to it?
        NAKASHIMA: Where on page 8 do you have that?
 3
        BURIL: Mark?
        NAKASHIMA: Can you point that out to me?
 5
 6
                Under Analytical Methods, the second
 7
    paragraph, that little three-line paragraph.
                    I'm sorry. Under what heading is
 8
        NAKASHIMA:
    that?
 9
                 Under Analytical Methods.
10
        CUTLER:
              I may have the wrong page. I'm going off
11
    of a later version.
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        NAKASHIMA: Okay. That's on page 7.
13
        CUTLER:
14
                 Okay.
        NAKASHIMA: Okay.
                           That's fine.
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        BURIL: So we have that one resolved.
                                                No
    problem. Is that true, Penny?
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        NAKASHIMA:
                    Yes.
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        BURIL:
                Okay. Thank you.
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              Going on to the second section, Addendum
20
    to the Field Sampling and Analysis Plan for Operable
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    Unit 1, rationale for MW-23 under comment number 1.
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23
              I think the best thing that we can offer
    you, Penny, at this point is to take this under
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25
    advisement. We don't see a major problem with this,
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but we'd like to think a little bit about it and come back to you with a response, either in changing it or with some other response.

The second one under that same section, groundwater samples and analysis, this is a major departure from what we had agreed to previously. I guess, Penny, I'd like to understand where your comment is coming from, given that we had discussed this at two previous RPM meetings and had agreed to an analytical suite.

Penny?

NAKASHIMA: I'm sorry. I didn't know you were finished.

BURIL: I'm sorry. I should have said something.

NAKASHIMA: Yes. We said that we -- I thought we had agreed that for the quarterly -- for the one year of quarterly monitoring that everything would be analyzed for. And in the OU-1 addendum, I didn't see the SVOCs or the Title 22 metals.

BURIL: I don't recall that, Penny.

I guess I would refer back to the January meeting minutes. But in this forum I think it would probably be better to do that in a face-to-face meeting, perhaps.

Suffice to say that we had thought that the analytical suite was going to be reduced during the monitoring program at the outset based on the data that we had already obtained through the RI work. We had seen essentially a zero metal concern, with the exception of chromium, and had seen essentially no concern with SVOCs. So we were under the impression that that was the agreed upon analytical suite and I believe that's how it was presented in our initial discussion. I wasn't aware, based on my understanding, that there were any changes to that.

NAKASHIMA: Chuck, this is Penny.

I recall in the meeting that I guess we had talked about this and Peter had requested that we get quarterly monitoring for one year, everything, before we start eliminating.

BURIL: That was before we started eliminating screens, was what we were indicating.

NAKASHIMA: And then also, there are some results which do show some PAHs and benzopyrene in Monitoring Well 12 on the second screen in two of the sampling rounds. So maybe if I can make the proposal that in the area around or downgradient of and also in MW-(undecipherable) in that area

1 (undecipherable) analyze constituents since they
2 were --

CUTLER: That was only detected in the first round and not in the second round.

NIOU: This is Stephen Niou.

My feeling is since JPL hasn't done a thorough job of screening all the detected chemicals and put a report and identify those SVOCs, maybe we should do some formal or semiformal stats to decide which chemicals should be in the list as COCs to be included in groundwater sampling. Otherwise, when we get to the stage of doing risk assessment, we may not have enough data to support our decision of the combination of COCs.

BURIL: This is Chuck.

I can see that this is going to be a fairly contentious issue insomuch as we thought we had agreement and it sounds now that we're falling out of agreement. I think that this is probably one that is better discussed in a forum other than a telecon.

I'm going to ask that we table the discussion on this for the time being for a meeting that will hopefully occur in a very short period of time in a face-to-face forum.

Moving on, then, to the next section, the 1 addendum for field sampling and analysis plan for 2 Operable Unit 2. 3 Under number 1, Penny, that's not a We can include a statement regarding the 5 problem. 6 constraints that we had to identify that. We should 7 be able to accommodate you with no problem. 8 Under number 2, the analysis of tributyl 9 tin. I'm somewhat curious as to why this is a concern of yours, given the fact that we have no 10 indication that tributyl tin was ever used here. 11 I mentioned in the last telecon that 12 NAKASHIMA: there may be a concern for the tributyl tin because 13 it's something that was used in the cooling towers. 14 Do you know that was used at JPL? 15 BURIL: 16 NAKASHIMA: No. No. I don't know that it was specifically used at JPL, but it's typically used on 17 18 cooling towers. Since there is no documentation from JPL in your records that it wasn't ever used, 19 this is something that is a very -- it's apparently 20 very toxic for not only human health but also for 21 22 the eco assessment. 23

BURIL: This is Chuck again. If I can step in here.

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This is something of a new issue,

especially since it just came up at the last telecon, which was just a few weeks ago.

NAKASHIMA: Right.

BURIL: This is something, again, that I'm concerned with insomuch as we appear to be doing things simply because there's an outside chance of being a problem as opposed to a known and certain problem. I think, again, we're in a position of saying that this is one where a face-to-face forum is going to be necessary to resolve the issue before we can assume that it is closed. So let us table this one as well at this time and see what else we can come through on.

LOWE: This is Debbie.

Can I ask that Penny try to find some more information for the group on the fate and transport of this contaminant before the next meeting?

NAKASHIMA: Oh, sure. Okay.

MELCHIOR: This is Dan.

I'm very much more concerned about finding specific examples where Penny can cite that tributyl tin was ever used at other installations for water cooling towers. My indications from folks in the Army that I've got here on staff that have worked in industrial hygiene for 40 years, none of them can

recall ever using tributyl tin in water cooling towers.

BURIL: This is Chuck.

My own experience in the electric utility industry and petroleum industry also indicates that tributyl tin was not the material of choice.

Typically the types of things that were used were chromium compounds and our old friend hexavalent chromium appeared to be the one of choice simply because it was so effective in knocking down the bio contamination.

I would appreciate very much also, Penny, seeing some additional information on this. I believe that JPL, while we can't produce records that say distinctly we did not use it, I feel very confident that we can show that we did not use anything other than chrome, based on our own records. We have no records that will show us that over the course of time we did not use a given substance. I think that assuming guilt rather than assuming innocence is something that JPL is going to have a problem with.

NAKASHIMA: The tributyl tin is something that we've been finding in sites that have (undecipherable). It's not something that I just

made up. This is something that we've been finding in California, and that's the reason why I brought it up. And also, Barbara brought it up because of the toxicity, not only to the eco but to human health. It's not something that gets analyzed for from the water companies either. So that's one of the reasons why I raised the issue or raised the concern about the tributyl tin. If it's just for the year of quarterly sampling, we can see, well, do we have it, do we not have it, and then eliminate it as a concern like with the other VOCs.

MELCHIOR: This is Dan Melchior.

We've done a little homework to assess what the cost impacts are for making those analyses, and we're looking on the order of basically \$1,000 per sample. So this would not be a very simple thing to accomplish. It would be very costly.

BURIL: This is Chuck, to break in quickly.

I think this is one, again, that we are not going to reach resolution on. Suffice to say that the cost and schedule implications are there on this particular issue. I'd like to address that once we get through the remainder of these a little bit. But what I would like to do is to table this one as well for the face-to-face forum, which I hope

we can set in the very near future, and move on to hear a little bit more about some of these others as well.

We're up to number 4 under that same section. I guess, Penny, what concerns me here is aside from the tributyl tin is you call out Title 22 metals. Before hearing your explanation of where you're at, I just wanted to refresh your memory in making a reference to the January 18th RPM meeting minutes. On page 84, line number 15 we called out very specifically that we were going to do VOAs, semi VOAs, chrome and hex chrome, and it appeared that everyone had agreed to that analytical regime.

So now I'm very curious as to why you've added on these other constituents.

NAKASHIMA: Can I get back to you on that? I'm in the process of moving and everything is boxed up. Can I get back to you on that one?

BURIL: That's fair, sure. No problem.

NAKASHIMA: Dig out my data.

BURIL: I think what would be nice on that one is if you could come back to us at our face-to-face forum and provide to us your thoughts on that, it would be most beneficial.

NAKASHIMA: Okay.

1 RANDOLPH: Chuck, this is B.G. BURIL: Yes, B.G. 2 To move back to number 3. 3 RANDOLPH: BURIL: All right. You want to raise the point 4 5 that this is a bore hole and not a trench location, Is that what you're concerned with? 6 7 Hello, B.G. I'm here. I said "correct." 8 RANDOLPH: BURIL: I'm sorry. We fell over each other. That's just a point, Penny, that I'll 10 raise as maybe a point of clarification for you. 11 don't know if it will impact your comment or not. 12 But the trenching at DP-2 is actually a bore hole. 13 It is not a trench. 14 Like I say, I don't know if that makes a 15 difference to you or not, but I would encourage you 16 17 to look at that again in light of the fact that it is a bore hole and see whether that addresses your 18 Not with the idea of doing it in this 19 concern. I think, again, we're still concerned 20 forum again. 21 about the idea of the change in scope and so forth. So having that information available for us at our 22 face-to-face I think would be the best way to 23 24 approach that. 25 NAKASHIMA: Okay.

BURIL: I guess we're up to number 5, then, on drilling method.

We've stated a little bit about sonic drilling techniques, Penny, in the addenda. Can you give us any indication as to what other information or greater degree of detail you'd be looking for?

NAKASHIMA: Right. Actually, what I was looking for there is just the success or the use of this method at other sites where soil vapor monitoring points are installed. Have there been any tests done comparing this method versus augering or some other type of method? If so, if there's any impact or any difference in the amount of vapor that you can extract from using this sonic drilling method. Just some data showing the use of it, that there's no impact or minimal impact or there is impact; something. There must be some type of study or something that was done on that.

BURIL: This is Chuck.

I don't know that anything like that specifically exists. I do know that Foster Wheeler contacted Debbie's suggested contacts. Where was that? Mather Air Force Base, Debbie?

RANDOLPH: Chuck, this is B.G.

BURIL: Yes, B.G.

RANDOLPH: We talked with Bill Hughes of EPA there, and also to another gentleman who was actually the geologist for IT Corporation who sat on the rig. They were both very enthusiastic about using the sonic drilling method for installing soil vapor probes and wells, and also for the use of obtaining relatively undisturbed soil samples, comparing the vapor results or readings and actual laboratory analyses for VOCs on those undisturbed samples versus the core, which they obtained from the core barrel on the sonic rig.

There is not enough difference to tell which method was the most accurate. They compare very favorably and appear to have no real impact on any of the soil vapor studies that they did as well.

BURIL: But in terms of quantitative data, which it appears that Penny is requesting, is there anything that was available through those folks?

RANDOLPH: No.

BURIL: Okay. Penny, it may be that we're in a position of offering you that anecdotal information only. If this is insufficient to allow us to utilize the method, I think that your thoughts and rationale for that decision would be very beneficial for us at our face-to-face meeting. It is a new

method. It is one which I do not believe has a great deal of experience, and therefore the studies that you're talking about may not exist.

So how you would respond to that, I would encourage you to give that consideration between now and our face-to-face.

Last thing. Number 6. This goes back to one of the original comments in the DTSC memo I believe of last November. It was indicated, I thought fairly clearly, that NASA was not prepared to do this in consideration of all the problems.

Now, the thing I want to clarify, though, is that, Penny, we're talking about soil trenches, soil borings? Or which one of these are we talking about here? It's under Section 6.2.2.2, which leads me to believe that you're concerned about soil borings.

NAKASHIMA: Right.

BURIL: So it is soil borings that you're most concerned with.

Recognizing the constraints of the type of equipment that we would have to use if we did not use sonic drilling, there would be no way for us to sample finer grained lithologies or horizons whatsoever, as the percussion rigs and air rotary

and so forth simply do not allow us to make the fine 1 distinctions you would be looking for. 2 NAKASHIMA: But you will do that in your 3 trenches, then. I think that's something you had in 4 your January 11th letter, that you would. 5 6 BURIL: No. In fact, I believe we said we would 7 not. RANDOLPH: In the trenches we said we would. 8 BURIL: Oh, we did? 10 NAKASHIMA: Right. In the trenches you said you would. 11 But we would have you present, is how I 12 BURIL: believe we couched that, is that we would be 13 prepared to do so, but you would be present to 14 supervise what it was we did do. But the original 15 plan, from my best recollection, is that unless 16 there was reasonably significant visual evidence 17 that there was a need to sample, we would not go 18 beyond what was identified as the minimum scope of 19 20 work. Is that correct, B.G.? 21 That's correct. RANDOLPH: 22 BURIL: Again, this was agreed to, based on my 23 recollection and understanding of the meeting 24

minutes of January 18th. So again, I think we're

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again in a position of needing to better understand this, particularly in light of the fact that it appeared to have been resolved some six months ago.

4 Again, I believe the forum of a telephone conference

5 | is probably not the best to do so.

So I would ask, Penny, that we hear from you at the face-to-face on all of these things that we have tabled from the standpoint of being in the incorrect forum to really resolve them.

I will make a fairly broad, sweeping statement now in terms of the project as a whole, and that is that the changes that are being identified here are not inconsequential. They drastically have impact on the scope, the dollars, and on schedule. These are not things that we can do very readily within the confines of the scope of work and the contractual requirements that we had already laid down.

We need to resolve these rapidly. As it stands now, with the analytical suites in question, the number of borings in question, the number of samples apparently in question, the project is going to take a big stop if we cannot resolve this in a very rapid fashion.

So I would like to find out, without even

bothering to go to the agenda number 2. The schedule itself, while you've received -- hopefully you've all received a revised schedule. That schedule is dependent upon acceptance of the scope of work that we discussed at the last two RPM meetings. If we are to change that significantly, then that schedule is going to have to be changed as well.

There is a concern, albeit I don't know to what degree, but there is a concern regarding funding. If we do have a significant increase in the amount of work that's going to be done, I may have difficulty in obtaining the funding to do it in this fiscal year or next, as I have already submitted my budgets for the next six years.

BISHOP: Chuck, this is Jon Bishop.

I understand your point, but you can't tell me that the next six years' budget is fixed.

BURIL: No, Jon. What I'm saying is this year's is to a large degree. I have some wiggle room. But depending upon what we're talking about here, I don't know if I have enough. The next six years is only indicated to you to try and emphasize the fact that the way that NASA works is we have to plan five years in advance. I have already done that based on

this scope of work and what we anticipate the schedule to be in the coming years.

The scope of work can change during that course of time, but the one scope of work that is in very near time, the one that we have been discussing, is one which we have fixed a budget on, and it will be an effort to try and increase that budget significantly based on NASA's concerns with the federal government budgets being reduced, and so forth.

It's only a question of scale. Like I say, I have some ability to wiggle around. But if we are talking about major changes, it will be a concern.

Again, I don't believe that we are in a position at this point or in this forum to discuss number 2 on the agenda, which should have been the schedule.

The status of the project, I can tell you where we were up to this point, and that is that we had the draft-final addenda ready to go out the door to the agencies for review and final approval. We have put that on hold now.

It's unfortunate that neither JPL, NASA nor the agencies were able to contact each other to

let each other know that there was potential concern about additional comments. I think maybe that's a lesson learned for all of us, is to communicate a little more clearly when things like this appear to be happening.

But as it stands right now, our contractual requirements are ready to be set up and we are in a position of having our Foster Wheeler contract extended and we were definitizing it on the basis of the scope that we have now. I can continue that as a minimal scope and we'll see what kind of things we come up with that may increase that and what problems I run into with procurement on that basis.

Like I say, we've basically completed a large part of our contractual requirements with Foster Wheeler. While we're a little behind on the subcontractor contractual requirements, we have nonetheless begun those as well. So depending upon the nature and magnitude of the scope change that we may be facing, a lot of this work may have to be modified or even redone.

So I am just simply giving you the heads up that this is a fairly significant concern for us.

That having been said, I would very much

appreciate if the agencies and Foster Wheeler would all have the opportunity to -- maybe if we can look at your schedules now in this teleconference and establish a date for a face-to-face meeting.

LOWE: Chuck, before we do that, I'd like to ask if Jon is going to be having any additional comments on this addenda.

BISHOP: Excuse me. I had pushed my mute button. I was talking away and you guys, of course, were not hearing me.

No. I've reviewed it and I don't have any additional comments.

BURIL: That's great, Jon. Thank you.

Okay. Then that being said, I'd like to go ahead and establish the time and date and location of a face-to-face meeting so that we can resolve these issues as rapidly as we possibly can.

Next week, in the first part of the week I myself am not available until Thursday or Friday of next week. And then beyond that, I'm reasonably open. I'll throw that on the table as a starting point if we can identify a given date.

LOWE: This is Debbie.

I would like the opportunity for the agencies to have a pre meeting. So my question is,

Penny and Jon, are you available on Thursday for pre 1 meeting, and then I would propose Friday for the 2 3 actual meeting with JPL. Is this the 18th and the 19th? NAKASHIMA: The 18th and the 19th. 5 BURIL: That's correct, 6 Penny. 7 BISHOP: Jon Bishop. 8 I'm available both the 18th and the 19th. 9 I'm available. 10 NAKASHIMA: NIOU: This is Stephen Niou. 11 I'm available both days. 12 BURIL: And I am available as well, and my 13 understanding from Foster Wheeler is that you folks 14 are available as well? 15 MELCHIOR: I cannot make it the 18th. 16 BURIL: The 18th is okay, Dan. How about the 17 18 19th? MELCHIOR: I would have to leave. I've got a 19 wedding to be back to on Saturday. I would have to 20 21 leave probably around noon. Well, we would like to have you there, 22 but in deference to the agencies, I think if you can 23 participate via telecon or some other fashion, that 24 would be suitable for me. 25

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        MELCHIOR: Oh, okay. Well, then, I can be there
 2
    on the 19th, then.
        BURIL: Mark and B.G., I assume you're clear.
 3
        RANDOLPH:
                   Yes.
 4
 5
        CUTLER:
                 Yes.
 6
        BURIL:
                All right. Debbie, I guess your
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    suggestion of a pre meeting on the 18th amongst the
    agencies is good, and then the following day a
 8
 9
    meeting on the 19th with all parties involved.
               I thought I would throw this out as a
10
11
    concept, to meet on the 19th on more neutral
12
    territory.
                That's fair.
13
        BURIL:
               I was going to offer Jon Bishop's office.
14
15
                       That's available on the 19th.
        BISHOP:
                 Yes.
16
        BURIL:
                Okay.
                       I'm just trying to think if we're
17
    going to need anything from JPL. I have no problem
18
    with that per se.
                       That's fine.
19
               Give us some relief on the parking
        LOWE:
20
    problem.
                Okay. Why don't we plan that, then.
21
        BURIL:
22
              Jon, I'm going to ask that we start the
23
    meeting a little later. I have an 8:30 meeting that
24
    I'd like to try and attend. If we could start this
25
    at 10:00 o'clock, it would be very helpful to me.
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NAKASHIMA: What time was that?

1

2 BURIL: 10. I think Chuck said 10:00 o'clock. 3 NAKASHIMA: 10? Oh. That's fine with me, Chuck. NIOU: Is the meeting at the Water Board? 6 7 BISHOP: Yes. BURIL: Yes. That's correct. 8 BISHOP: Here in Monterey Park. 10 BURIL: Okay, then. I think that's great. 11 We'll go ahead and plan for that. I encourage everyone to please try and keep your schedules open 12 13 for those days, as I believe this is critical that 14 we resolve these things rapidly. The other concepts that I wanted to throw 15 out on the table is that, recognizing that these are 16 17 potentially very contentious issues, would DTSC and NASA be interested in involving one level of 18 management higher in this meeting? I don't think 19 20 that I have the resources to bring someone down with 21 me at this short notice, but knowing that your people wouldn't have to travel and that most of this 22 contention is between those two agencies, it might 23 facilitate a more quicker resolution to these 24 25 issues.

1 BURIL: That's a reasonable thought, Debbie. Ι 2 cannot speak for Peter or his management. Unfortunately, he has been delayed inadvertently. 3 4 There's no way I can answer that without first 5 talking with him and his executive management. This is Debbie again. 6 7 We have a conference call scheduled for 8 Friday at 11. I'm not sure if that's still on. But 9 one potential course of action is to have you talk to Peter about that possibility and his management's 10 availability, I need to do the same, and to make 11 that decision on Friday. 12 13 BURIL: That's a very good suggestion. 14 As far as I know, the issues that we've 15 discussed here aside, the discussion of the risk 16 assessment flow chart is still on for 11:00 o'clock on Friday. I believe we should plan on doing that 17 unless there is a change there that heretofore we 18 are unaware of. 19 NAKASHIMA: I wasn't aware that it was at 11:00. 20 21 I thought it was at 1:00, from the last message I I have to check with Barbara 22 received from Laurann.

BURIL: All right. That's fine, Penny. Please let us know. We are very anxious to try and get

23

24

25

on the 11:00 o'clock.

that one resolved, as it's been on the table for some time.

LOWE: This is Debbie again.

From talking to Penny earlier today, it seems that some of her comments on the addenda are kind of intertwined with the risk assessment. I'm speaking specifically about the comments regarding additional constituents in the groundwater and the soil. It may be worth trying to deal with those issues with the risk assessors on line.

BURIL: Let me offer an alternative thought here, Debbie, and that is given the risk assessors' need to at least look at the flow chart, perhaps the changes that we're discussing may or may not become part of the concern for the risk assessment, depending upon how they're ultimately resolved.

If we believe that they will become a part of it based on meetings that we have in the future, I would suggest that we resolve it then. But I don't believe that we're going to be in a position of saying concretely one way or another that they are going to be part of the risk assessment flow chart discussion itself. I think the flow chart is really simply an overall approach and doesn't discuss the individual constituents and the need or

1 the lack of need for data.

LOWE: Chuck, this is Debbie again.

What I was more saying is that my understanding from talking to Penny is that it's her risk assessor that's driving some of these comments.

BURIL: Oh, I misunderstood.

LOWE: It may be worth bringing up these comments during the call and having direct involvement from the risk assessors on whether -- not analyzing for SVOCs in all the wells somehow creates a data gap in the risk assessment that us engineers and geologists aren't aware of.

Maybe, Penny, you can think about that a little bit more and identify for us on Friday which of the comments you think would be good to talk about prior to the next week's meeting.

BURIL: So if I understand you correctly, we'd like on Friday to get a little more information from the risk assessors regarding these comments? Is that what your goal is, Debbie?

NAKASHIMA: We can bring this issue up on Friday and discuss it amongst the risk assessors, about collecting this data. It won't pose a problem once we look at the risk assessment. Now, we're going to look at the data and say, well, gee, we didn't

analyze for these constituents here and we only have two rounds of sampling data and it's not telling us anything. Then what's going to happen? You're going to have to go (undecipherable) monitoring gap and sample for these things then (undecipherable) analyze.

It may not be in this year's (undecipherable), but maybe it could be included in next year's budget.

BURIL: Well, yes. You're raising issues there that if we don't do it this year and do it next, you delay the completion of the risk assessment, and ultimately the ROD itself is pushed out by whatever length of time that we wait to incorporate those data.

BISHOP: Right. But if the risk assessors say (undecipherable) without it, that's going to have to be taken into consideration, Chuck.

BURIL: No, I understand, Jon. I'm not disagreeing we should have the risk assessors there. It's simply a concern about the schedule. I'm very schedule driven in this particular situation, and I just want to be sure that people recognize that moving things around that would ultimately impact portions of the data and portions of the reports

that are generated is going to have impacts down the road in terms of the project as a whole.

Well, it sounds to me like we've got our meeting dates set, and I just understood that Peter is going to try to tap in here in just a moment. He may come to a blank line. I don't know.

Is there anything more that anyone would like to bring up at this point prior to our meeting on the 19th or to our telecon on the 12th?

LOWE: Was there going to be an agenda for the 12th, or are we just talking about the material that was faxed?

BURIL: The material that's faxed was my only plan, Debbie, just principally to be sure that the risk assessment experts had opportunity to see the approach which we're planning to use and had opportunity at the outset to give comment to us so that we can know that this is going to be an accepted approach before we even get to the point of having the data to plug in.

LOWE: Okay. I wanted to say to Penny that I think it would be good if you and Barbara and Dan and I talked prior to 11:00 o'clock.

NAKASHIMA: Right.

LOWE: So we'll try and call each other that

```
1
    morning.
 2
        NAKASHIMA: You want to wait until that morning.
        LOWE:
               I am out of the office tomorrow and
 3
    unavailable, so it's going to have to do.
 4
 5
        BURIL: That's a good thought, Debbie.
 6
    you for that.
 7
              I guess, then, we are adjourned until we
    reconvene by telecon at 11:00 o'clock on Friday for
 8
 9
    the risk assessment flow chart.
10
              Jon, I assume that you will not attend
11
    that one?
12
               I'm sorry. Who are you asking the
    question to, Chuck?
13
14
        BURIL: Was Jon planning on attending the one on
15
    Friday? Jon, are you there?
16
        BISHOP: I'm here. I didn't hear my name at
    all, Chuck.
17
18
        BURIL:
                Oh, you didn't. I'm sorry. Were you
19
    planning to attend the Friday telecon?
20
        BISHOP: No, I wasn't.
                Fine. We won't wait for you if you
21
        BURIL:
22
    don't show. Then I guess we'll all meet together at
    Jon's location at 10:00 o'clock on July 19th.
23
24
        BISHOP: Correct.
25
        NAKASHIMA: I have one question on the Friday,
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the 12th telecon. Is there a number that we call in
 1
 2
    to?
                I'm going to change that because
 3
    currently it's the same number. I trust it about as
    far as I can throw this building.
 5
                   So you'll contact us and let us
        NAKASHIMA:
 6
 7
   know.
                I will have Laurann get hold of each of
 8
    you hopefully tomorrow with a different number, if
 9
    at all possible. I apologize for the problems that
10
11
    we had initially here, folks. I don't know what
    happened, but hopefully we can avoid it by getting a
12
    different number.
13
              With that, I'll say thanks very much, and
14
15
    we'll talk to everyone on the 12th and 19th.
        BISHOP: Okay. Bye-bye.
16
        NAKASHIMA:
                    Bye.
17
18
        LOWE:
               Bye.
               Debbie, I'll call you.
19
        NIOU:
              (The proceedings adjourned at 2:34 P.M.)
20
21
22
23
24
25
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